

Swan Districts Football Club (Inc)

ABN 97 835 017 730

Financial Report – 31 October 2024

Swan Districts Football Club (Inc)
Directors' Report
31 October 2024

The Directors present their report, together with the financial statements, of Swan Districts Football Club (Inc) ('the Club') for the year ended 31 October 2024.

Directors

The following persons were directors of Swan Districts Football Club (Inc) during the whole of the financial year and up to the date of this report, unless otherwise stated.

Peter Hodyl – President
Andrew Holmes – Vice President
Des Hardiman – Treasurer
Brendan Valentine – Secretary (resigned 31 October 2024)
Ian Westmore
Ken Wyatt
Clyde Bevan (appointed 28 March 2024, resigned 31 October 2024)
John Komorowski (appointed 1 November 2024)
Kelley Chisholm (appointed 28 November 2024)

Principal Activities

During the financial year the principal continuing activities of Swan Districts Football Club (Inc) were the promotion and provision of Australian Rules Football and community programs within the Swan Districts Football Club (Inc) district and zones.

Grant funding, sponsorship revenue and other fundraising activities have been critical in providing much needed cash to effectively achieve the objectives of Swan Districts Football Club (Inc).

Significant Changes

No significant change in the nature of these activities occurred during the year,

Operating Result

The surplus for the year amounted to \$66,382 (2023: \$89,855).

On behalf of the officers:



Peter Hodyl
President

20 January 2025
Perth



Des Hardiman
Treasurer (FIPA JP)

Swan Districts Football Club (Inc)

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General Information

The financial statements cover Swan Districts Football Club (Inc) as an individual entity. The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is Swan Districts Football Club (Inc)'s functional and presentation currency.

Swan Districts Football Club (Inc) is a not-for-profit incorporated association.

The financial statements were authorised for issue on 20 January 2025.

Swan Districts Football Club (Inc)
Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income
For the year ended 31 October 2024

	Note	2024 \$	2023 \$
Revenue			
Administration	18	934,309	896,506
Commercial operations	19	737,895	539,561
Marketing and business development	20	864,959	826,002
Facility	21	92,876	-
Football operations – WAFL	22	188,434	174,920
Football operations – WAFLW	23	112,387	88,256
Talent		370,164	432,949
Community programs	24	2,133,011	1,788,851
Interest received		45,164	17,335
		5,479,199	4,764,379
Expenses			
Administration	25	(488,161)	(530,006)
Commercial operations	18, 26	(511,495)	(369,421)
Marketing and business development	27	(529,383)	(483,171)
Facility	28	(325,302)	(220,876)
Football operations – WAFL	29	(902,484)	(863,291)
Football operations – WAFLW	30	(184,948)	(93,793)
Talent		(473,611)	(422,241)
Community programs	24, 31	(1,894,501)	(1,595,747)
Depreciation/amortisation		(102,932)	(95,977)
		(5,412,817)	(4,674,524)
Surplus for the year		66,382	89,855
Other comprehensive income for the year		-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to the members of Swan Districts Football Club (Inc)		66,382	89,855

The above statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

Swan Districts Football Club (Inc)
Statement of financial position
As at 31 October 2024

	Note	2024 \$	2023 \$
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	4	1,848,402	1,700,312
Trade and other receivables	5	176,003	65,805
Inventories	6	50,513	50,692
Prepayments		16,499	22,024
Financial assets	7	150	150
Total current assets		<u>2,091,567</u>	<u>1,838,983</u>
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	8	512,365	525,230
Total non-current assets		<u>512,365</u>	<u>525,230</u>
Total assets		<u>2,603,932</u>	<u>2,364,213</u>
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	9	209,493	137,010
Employee benefits provisions	10	175,830	106,182
Other liabilities	11	287,732	267,166
Total current liabilities		<u>673,055</u>	<u>510,358</u>
Non-current liabilities			
Employee benefits provisions	10	10,640	-
Total non-current liabilities		<u>10,640</u>	<u>-</u>
Total liabilities		<u>683,695</u>	<u>510,358</u>
Net assets		<u>1,920,237</u>	<u>1,853,855</u>
Equity			
Retained surplus	12	1,920,237	1,853,855
Total equity		<u>1,920,237</u>	<u>1,853,855</u>

The above statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

Swan Districts Football Club (Inc)
Statement of changes in equity
For the year ended 31 October 2024

	Note	Retained surplus \$	Total equity \$
Balance at 1 November 2022		1,764,000	1,764,000
Surplus for the year		89,855	89,855
Other comprehensive income for the year		-	-
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Total comprehensive income for the year		89,855	89,855
		<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>
Balance at 31 October 2023	12	1,853,855	1,853,855

	Note	Retained surplus \$	Total equity \$
Balance at 1 November 2023		1,853,855	1,853,855
Surplus for the year		66,382	66,382
Other comprehensive income for the year		-	-
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Total comprehensive income for the year		66,382	66,382
		<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>
Balance at 31 October 2024	12	1,920,237	1,920,237

The above statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

Swan Districts Football Club (Inc)
Statement of cash flows
For the year ended 31 October 2024

	Note	2024 \$	2023 \$
Cash flows from operating activities			
Receipts from customers		5,315,168	5,000,259
Payments to suppliers and employees		<u>(5,122,174)</u>	<u>(4,562,289)</u>
		492,994	437,970
Interest received		45,165	17,335
Interest paid		<u>(1)</u>	<u>-</u>
		45,164	17,335
Net cash from operating activities		<u>238,158</u>	<u>455,305</u>
Cash flows from investing activities			
Payments for property, plant and equipment		<u>(90,067)</u>	<u>(111,007)</u>
Net cash used in investing activities		<u>(90,067)</u>	<u>(111,007)</u>
Cash flows from financing activities			
Lease repayments		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Net cash from / (used in) financing activities		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		148,091	344,299
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year		<u>1,700,311</u>	<u>1,356,012</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year	6	<u>1,848,402</u>	<u>1,700,311</u>

The above statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

Note 1. Material accounting policy information

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

New or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations adopted

Swan Districts Football Club (Inc) has adopted all of the new or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ('AASB') that are mandatory for the current reporting period.

Any new or amended Accounting Standards or Interpretations that are not yet mandatory have not been early adopted.

The adoption of these Accounting Standards and Interpretations did not have any significant impact on the financial performance or position of the Club.

Basis of preparation

These general-purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards – Simplified Disclosures and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ('AASB'), the Western Australian legislation, the Associations Incorporations Act 2015, and associated regulations, as appropriate for not-for-profit oriented entities.

Historical cost convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for, where applicable, the revaluation of financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, investment properties and certain classes of property, plant and equipment.

Critical accounting estimates

The preparation of the financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Club's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements, are disclosed in note 2.

Revenue recognition

Revenue was recognised and measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable. Revenue is recognised at the transaction price when the Club transfers control of the services to their members and customers. The performance obligations are satisfied when the services have been provided to the customer.

Revenue is recognised for the major activities as follows:

Sales revenue

Events, fundraising and raffles are recognised when received or receivable.

Donations

Donations are recognised as revenue when received.

Grants

Grant revenue is recognised in profit or loss when the Club obtains control of the grant, it is probable that the economic benefits gained from the grant will flow to the Club and the amount of the grant can be measured reliably. If conditions are attached to the grant which must be satisfied before the entity is eligible to receive the contribution, the recognition of the grant as revenue will be deferred until those conditions are satisfied.

When grant revenue is received whereby the Club incurs an obligation to deliver economic value directly back to the contributor, the grant revenue is recognised in the statement of financial position as a liability until the service has been delivered to the contributor, otherwise the grant is recognised as income on receipt.

Interest

Interest revenue is recognised as interest accrues using the effective interest method. This is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset and allocating the interest income over the relevant period using the effective interest rate, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

Swan Districts Football Club (Inc)
Notes to the financial statements
31 October 2024

Note 1. Material accounting policy information (continued)

Recruitment revenue and expenditure

Transfer fees both received and paid for players are brought to account as income/expenses on an accrual basis upon obtaining a contractual agreement.

Other revenue

Other revenue is recognised when it is received or when the right to receive payment is established.

All revenue is stated net of the amount of goods and services tax.

Income tax

Swan Districts Football Club (Inc) is exempt from paying income tax under the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1997*.

Current and non-current classification

Assets and liabilities are presented in the statement of financial position based on current and non-current classification.

An asset is classified as current when: it is either expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in the Club's normal operating cycle; it is held primarily for the purpose of trading; it is expected to be realised within 12 months after the reporting period; or the asset is cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is classified as current when: it is either expected to be settled in the Club's normal operating cycle; it is held primarily for the purpose of trading; it is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting period; or there is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any allowance for expected credit losses. Trade receivables are generally due for settlement within 30 days.

The Club has applied the simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses, which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance. To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables have been grouped based on days overdue.

Inventories

Stock on hand is stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises of purchase and delivery costs, net of rebates and discounts received or receivable.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Financial instruments

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. For financial assets, this is equivalent to the date that the Club commits itself to either purchase or sell the asset.

Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value plus transactions costs, except where the instrument is classified at 'fair value through profit or loss', in which case transaction costs are recognised as expenses in profit or loss immediately.

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets

Financial assets are subsequently measured at either amortised cost or fair value depending on their classification. Classification is determined based on both the business model within such assets are held and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset, unless, an accounting mismatch is being avoided.

Note 1. Material accounting policy information (continued)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets not measured at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. Typically, such financial assets will be either: (i) held for trading, where they are acquired for the purpose of selling in the short-term with an intention of making a profit, or a derivative; or (ii) designated as such upon initial recognition where permitted. Fair value movements are recognised in profit or loss.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income include equity investments which the Club intends to hold for the foreseeable future and has irrevocably elected to classify them as such upon initial recognition.

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows have expired or have been transferred and the Club has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership. When there is no reasonable expectation of recovering part or all of a financial asset, its' carrying value is written off.

Impairment of financial assets

The Club recognises a loss allowance for expected credit losses on financial assets which are either measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income. The measurement of the loss allowance depends upon the Club's assessment at the end of each reporting period as to whether the financial instrument's credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, based on reasonable and supportable information that is available, without undue cost or effort to obtain.

Where there has not been a significant increase in exposure to credit risk since initial recognition, a 12-month expected credit loss allowance is estimated. This represents a portion of the asset's lifetime expected credit losses that is attributable to a default event that is possible within the next 12 months. Where a financial asset has become credit impaired or where it is determined that credit risk has increased significantly, the loss allowance is based on the asset's lifetime expected credit losses. The amount of expected credit loss is measured on the basis of the probability weighted present value of anticipated cash shortfalls over the life of the instrument discounted at the original effective interest rate.

For financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, the loss allowance is recognised within other comprehensive income. In all other cases, the loss allowance is recognised in profit or loss.

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial liabilities

The Club's financial liabilities include trade and other payables.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Property, plant and equipment

Plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis to write off the net cost of each item or property, plant and equipment over their expected useful lives as follows:

Leasehold improvements	20 – 25 years
Plant and equipment	2 – 20 years
Motor vehicles	6 – 7 years

The residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when there is no future economic benefit to the Club. Gains and losses between the carrying amount and the disposal proceeds are taken to profit or loss.

Note 1. Material accounting policy information (continued)

Impairment of non-financial assets

Non-financial assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount.

Recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value-in-use. The value-in-use is the present value of the estimated future cash flows relating to the asset using a pre-tax discount rate specific to the asset or cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Assets that do not have independent cash flows are grouped together to form a cash-generating unit.

Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Club prior to the end of the financial year and which are unpaid. Due to their short-term nature, they are measured at amortised cost and are not discounted. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

Employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits, annual leave and long service leave expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the reporting date are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

Other long-term employee benefits

The liability for annual leave and long service leave not expected to be settled within 12 months or the reporting date are measured at the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date using the projected unit credit method. Consideration is given to expected future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures and periods of service. Expected future payments are discounted using market yields at the reporting date on national government bonds with terms to maturity and currency that match, as closely as possible, the estimated future cash outflows.

Defined contribution superannuation expense

Contributions to defined contribution superannuation plans are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

Fair value measurement

When an asset or liability, financial or non-financial, is measured at fair value for recognition or disclosure purposes, the fair value is based on the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date; and assumes that the transaction will take place either: in the principal market; or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market.

Fair value is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming they act in their economic best interests. For non-financial assets, the fair value measurement is based on its highest and best use. Valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, are used, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

Goods and Services Tax ('GST') and other similar taxes

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of associated GST, unless the GST incurred is not recoverable from the tax authority. In this case it is recognised as part of the cost of the acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the tax authority is included in other receivables or other payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to the tax authority, are presented as operating cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies, if any, are disclosed net of the amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the tax authority.

Note 2. Critical accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts in the financial statements. Management continually evaluates its judgements and estimates in relation to assets, liabilities, contingent liabilities, revenue and expenses. Management bases its judgements, estimates and assumptions on historical experience and on other various factors, including expectations of future events, management believes to be reasonable under the circumstances. The resulting accounting judgements and estimates will seldom equal the related actual results. The judgements, estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities (refer to the respective notes) within the next financial year are discussed below.

Allowance for expected credit losses

The allowance for expected credit losses assessment requires a degree of estimation and judgement. It is based on the lifetime expected credit loss, grouped based on days overdue, and makes assumptions to allocate an overall expected credit loss rate. These assumptions include recent sales experience and historical collection rates.

Provision for impairment of inventories

The provision for impairment of inventories assessment requires a degree of estimation and judgement. The level of the provision is assessed by taking into account the recent sales experience, the ageing of inventories and other factors that affect inventory obsolescence.

Estimation of useful lives of assets

The Club determines the estimated useful lives and related depreciation and amortisation charges for its property, plant and equipment. The useful lives could change significantly as a result of technical innovations or some other event. The depreciation and amortisation charge will increase where the useful lives are less than previously estimated lives, or technically obsolete or non-strategic assets that have been abandoned or sold will be written off or written down.

Impairment of non-financial assets other than goodwill and other indefinite life intangible assets

The Club assesses impairment of non-financial assets other than goodwill and other indefinite life intangible assets at each reporting date by evaluating conditions specific to the Club and to the particular asset that may lead to impairment. If an impairment trigger exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is determined. This involves fair value less costs of disposal or value-in-use calculations, which incorporate a number of key estimates and assumptions.

Employee benefits provision

As discussed in note 1, the liability for employee benefits expected to be settled more than 12 months from the reporting date are recognised and measured at the present value of the estimated future cash flows to be made in respect of all employees at the reporting date. In determining the present value of the liability, estimates of attrition rates and pay increases through promotion and inflation have been taken into account.

Swan Districts Football Club (Inc)
Notes to the financial statements
31 October 2024

Note 3. Expenses

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Surplus includes the following specific expenses:		
<i>Superannuation expense</i>		
Defined contribution superannuation expense	<u>246,963</u>	<u>203,190</u>

Note 4. Cash and cash equivalents

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Cash on hand	1,400	1,400
Cash at bank	<u>1,847,002</u>	<u>1,698,912</u>
	<u>1,848,402</u>	<u>1,700,312</u>

Note 5. Trade and other receivables

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Trade receivables	171,944	52,787
Other receivables	-	3,200
Sundry debtors	<u>4,059</u>	<u>9,818</u>
	<u>176,003</u>	<u>65,805</u>

Management have considered the impact of expected credit losses under AASB 9 by determining the value of aged receivables that could potentially have expected credit losses, and then applying an expected credit loss rate to determine the allowance for expected credit losses. Based on management's assessment of the expected credit losses, no allowance for credit losses is required to be recognised as at 31 October 2024 as it is considered immaterial.

Note 6. Inventories

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Items held for resale – at lower of cost and net realisable value (i)		
- Merchandise	26,410	23,829
- Bar	22,221	25,105
- Canteen	776	705
- Coffee van	<u>1,106</u>	<u>1,053</u>
	<u>50,513</u>	<u>50,692</u>

(i) There is no deed of consignment over inventories as at 31 October 2024

Swan Districts Football Club (Inc)
Notes to the financial statements
31 October 2024

Note 7. Financial assets

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Financial assets – at fair value	<u>150</u>	<u>150</u>

The fair value of financial assets of \$150 (2023: \$150) has been assessed by reference to ASX published price quotations to determine market value.

Movements in financial assets – at fair value

Movements in financial assets during the current financial year are set out below:

	Financial assets
	\$
Balance at 1 November 2023	150
Fair value adjustment through profit or loss	-
Balance at 31 October 2024	<u>150</u>

Note 8. Property, plant and equipment

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Buildings & leasehold improvements – at cost	1,052,545	1,052,545
Less: Accumulated depreciation	<u>(797,140)</u>	<u>(772,759)</u>
	255,405	279,786
Plant & equipment – at cost	577,739	495,172
Less: Accumulated depreciation	<u>(393,973)</u>	<u>(324,284)</u>
	183,766	170,888
Motor vehicles - at cost	144,578	137,078
Less: Accumulated depreciation	<u>(71,384)</u>	<u>(62,522)</u>
	73,194	74,526
	512,365	525,230

Reconciliations

Reconciliations of the written down values at the beginning and end of the current financial year are set out below:

	Buildings & leasehold improvements \$	Plant & equipment \$	Motor vehicles \$	Total \$
Balance at 1 November 2023	279,786	170,888	74,556	525,230
Additions	-	82,567	7,500	90,067
Disposals	-	-	-	-
Depreciation expense	<u>(24,381)</u>	<u>(69,689)</u>	<u>(8,862)</u>	<u>(102,932)</u>
Balance at 31 October 2024	<u>255,405</u>	<u>183,766</u>	<u>73,194</u>	<u>512,365</u>

Swan Districts Football Club (Inc)
Notes to the financial statements
31 October 2024

Note 9. Trade and other payables

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Trade payables	19,316	17,701
Accruals	82,152	51,695
Sundry creditors	191	6,958
PAYG & superannuation	80,954	53,933
GST liabilities (net)	26,880	6,723
	<u>209,493</u>	<u>137,010</u>

Note 10. Employee benefits provisions

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
<i>Current:</i>		
Employee benefits – annual leave	137,030	57,251
Employee benefits – long service leave	38,800	48,931
	<u>175,830</u>	<u>106,182</u>
<i>Non-current:</i>		
Employee benefits – long service leave	10,640	-
	<u>10,640</u>	<u>-</u>

Note 11. Other liabilities

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Income in advance – community programs	285,275	267,166
Income in advance – memberships	2,457	-
	<u>287,732</u>	<u>267,166</u>

Note 12. Retained surplus

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Retained surplus at the beginning of the financial year	1,853,855	1,764,000
Surplus for the year	66,382	89,855
Retained surplus at the end of the financial year	<u>1,920,237</u>	<u>1,853,855</u>

Note 13. Contingent liabilities

Swan Districts Football Club (Inc) had no contingent liabilities as at 31 October 2024 and 31 October 2023.

Swan District Football Club (Inc)
Notes to the financial statements
31 October 2024

Note 14. Commitments

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
<i>Capital commitments</i>		
Committed at the reporting date but not recognised as liabilities, payable:		
- Oval Light Project	357,000	-

Note 15. Auditors remuneration

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Amounts received or due and receivable by William Buck Audit (WA) Pty Ltd for:		
- Audit or review of the financial report of the entity	7,800	7,400
- Other services in relation to the entity	2,200	2,100
	10,000	9,500

Note 16. Related party transactions

Transactions with related parties

There were no transactions by or with related parties at the current or previous reporting date.

Receivable from and payable to related parties

There were no trade receivables from or trade payables to related parties at the current and previous reporting date.

Loans to/from related parties

There were no loans to or from related parties at the current and previous reporting date.

Note 17. Events after the reporting period

No matter or circumstance has arisen since 31 October 2024 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect the Club's operations, the results of those operations, or the Club's state of affairs in future financial years.

Note 18. Administration income

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Asset & venue rentals	163,920	156,756
Corporate/management fees	268,487	230,517
Grants – other	-	20,000
WAFC grants	501,902	489,233
	934,309	896,506

Swan Districts Football Club (Inc)
Notes to the financial statements
31 October 2024

Note 19. Commercial operations income

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Sales – bar	443,434	358,020
Sales – catering	188,259	116,914
Sales – merchandise	78,640	47,723
Total gross sales	710,333	522,657
Cost of sales – bar	(177,745)	(139,560)
Cost of sales – catering	(90,576)	(63,005)
Cost of sales – merchandise	(61,288)	(29,803)
Total cost of sales	(329,609)	(232,368)
Gross profit	380,724	290,289
Venue hire & sundry income	27,562	16,904
Total bar & functions income	408,286	307,193

Note 20. Marketing & business development income

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Functions & fundraising	166,486	201,344
Membership fees	106,986	92,439
Sponsorship	591,487	532,219
	864,959	826,002

Note 21. Facilities income

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Functions & fundraising	92,876	-
	92,876	-

Note 22. Football operations income – WAFL

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Gate receipts	163,458	153,954
Sundry income	19,976	20,966
Transfer fees	5,000	-
	188,434	174,920

Swan Districts Football Club (Inc)
Notes to the financial statements
31 October 2024

Note 23. Football operations income – WAFLW

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Gate receipts	8,845	-
Sundry income	73,502	79,616
Sponsorship	30,040	8,640
	<u>112,387</u>	<u>88,256</u>

Note 24. Community programs income

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Sales – coffee van	24,747	18,370
Total gross sales	<u>24,747</u>	<u>18,370</u>
Cost of sales – coffee van	(7,885)	(5,719)
Total cost of sales	<u>(7,885)</u>	<u>(5,719)</u>
Gross profit	16,863	12,651
Program funding government	824,923	716,446
Program funding private	946,748	753,737
Sundry income & donations	336,593	300,297
	<u>2,125,127</u>	<u>1,783,131</u>

Note 25. Administration expenses

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Audit fees	10,223	9,778
Bad & doubtful debts	-	-
Bank charges & interest	20,381	15,925
Computing, telephone & office expenses	33,485	26,591
Donations	616	1,000
FBT, payroll tax & superannuation	65,405	63,395
Insurance & workers comp	52,477	57,849
Printing & stationery	17,000	15,938
Salaries & employee expenses	287,132	336,605
Sundry admin expenses	1,442	2,925
	<u>488,161</u>	<u>530,006</u>

Note 26. Commercial operations expenses (excluding cost of sales)

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
General bar expenses	14,301	5,767
Salary & employee costs	167,585	131,286
	<u>181,886</u>	<u>137,053</u>

Swan Districts Football Club (Inc)
Notes to the financial statements
31 October 2024

Note 27. Marketing & business development expenses

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Advertising promotion & office expenses	89,305	72,621
Functions & sponsorship servicing	193,083	195,312
Salary & employee expenses	244,922	214,111
Sundry expenses	2,073	1,127
	<u>529,383</u>	<u>483,171</u>

Note 28. Facility expenses

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Cleaning, R&M & security	225,099	123,616
Light, power & gas	43,985	46,259
Rates & facility lease	38,672	40,853
Salary & employee costs	3,366	-
Sundry expenses	14,180	10,148
	<u>325,302</u>	<u>220,877</u>

Note 29. Football operations expenses – WAFL

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Catering	41,638	21,799
Equipment, footballs & uniforms	79,429	47,869
Insurance & general expenses	21,310	47,699
Match & training expenses	33,854	41,310
Medical & game day staff	77,468	77,548
Medical supplies	16,931	13,510
Player payments (incl super)	257,812	246,280
Recruitment & transfer fees	42,691	15,060
Salaries – Football staff (incl super)	313,801	317,793
Travel & motor vehicle	5,226	22,973
Trophies & awards	8,974	4,716
Sundry expenses	3,350	6,736
	<u>902,484</u>	<u>863,291</u>

Note 30. Football operations expenses – WAFLW

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Catering	14,157	2,550
Equipment, footballs & uniforms	27,528	23,519
Insurance & general expenses	19,380	27,972
Match & training expenses	5,114	11,000
Medical & game day staff	13,125	17,254
Medical supplies	6,236	7,381
Salaries – Football staff (incl super)	72,741	505
Travel & motor vehicle	9,058	168
Trophies & awards	2,185	3,104
Sundry expenses	15,424	341
	<u>184,948</u>	<u>93,793</u>

Swan Districts Football Club (Inc)
Notes to the financial statements
31 October 2024

Note 31. Community programs expenses

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Computer IT, office & rates	39,746	35,783
Insurance & sundry expenses	77,977	82,011
Management fees	256,500	215,960
Employee costs	1,252,366	1,008,731
Program expenses & communities	130,268	109,743
Rent & accommodation	129,760	137,799
	<u>1,886,617</u>	<u>1,590,027</u>

Swan Districts Football Club (Inc)
Director's declaration
31 October 2024

In the Directors' opinion:

- the attached financial statements and notes comply with the Australian Accounting Standards – Simplified Disclosures, the *Associations Incorporations Act 2015 (WA)* and associated regulations;
- the attached financial statements and notes give a true and fair view of Swan Districts Football Club (Inc)'s financial position as at 31 October 2024 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date; and
- there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Club will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

On behalf of the Directors:



Peter Hodyl
President

20 January 2025
Perth



Des Hardiman
Treasurer (FIPA JP)

Independent auditor's report to the members of Swan Districts Football Club Inc.

Report on the audit of the financial statements



Our opinion on the financial statements

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of Swan Districts Football Club Inc. (the Association), presents fairly, in all material respects:

- the financial position of the Association as at 31 October 2024, and
- its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended

in accordance with the *Associations Incorporations Act 2015 (WA)* and Australian Accounting Standards – Simplified Disclosures.

What was audited?

We have audited the financial report of the Association, which comprises:

- the statement of financial position as at 31 October 2024,
- the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the year then ended,
- the statement of changes in equity for the year then ended,
- the statement of cash flows for the year then ended,
- notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information, and
- the directors' declaration.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report* section of our report. We are independent of the Association in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Associations Incorporations Act 2015 (WA)*, and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional & Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other information

The Board are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Association's annual report for the year ended 31 October 2024 but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the board of directors and those charged with governance for the financial report

The Board of Directors of the Association are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards – Simplified Disclosures and the *Associations Incorporations Act 2015 (WA)*, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Association's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Association or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Association's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at:

https://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors_responsibilities/ar4.pdf

This description forms part of our auditor's report.

William Buck

William Buck Audit (WA) Pty Ltd
ABN 67 125 012 124

CM

Conley Manifis
Director

Dated this 20th day of January 2025